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1	Ford Greene	FILED
2	California State Bar No. 107601 HUB LAW OFFICES	FILED
3	711 Sir Francis Drake Boulevard San Anselmo, California 94960-1949	OCT 4 1993
4	Attorney for Defendant GERALD ARMSTRONG RECEIVED	HOWARD HANSON MARIN COUNTY CLERK
5	OCT 0 4 1993	BY C HARDING DEPUTY
6	HUB LAW OFFICE	E9
7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
8	FOR THE COUNTY OF MARIN	
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10	CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY INTERNATIONAL,) a California not-for-profit	No. 157 680
11		MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF
12	Plaintiff,	ARMSTRONG'S MOTION TO COMMENCE COORDINATION
13	vs.	PROCEEDINGS
- 14 15	THE GERALD ARMSTRONG CORPORATION,)	
16	corporation; DOES 1 through 100,)	
17	Defendants.)	Date: 11-12-93 Time: 9:00
18		Dept: 1 Trial Date: None Set
19	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>	
20	This petition involves three cases involving plaintiff Church	
23	of Scientology International ("Scientology") and defendants Gerald	
22	Armstrong and The Gerald Armstrong Corporation ("collectively	
2:	"Armstrong"). 1/ Armstrong II and Armstrong III are presently	
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2	The included cases are as forlows.	



(1) Church of Scientology International v. Gerald Armstrong, DOES 1 to 25, inclusive, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC 052 395 ("Armstrong II");

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(2) Church of Scientology International v. Gerald Armstrong; The Gerald Armstrong Corporation; DOES 1 to 25, inclusive, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC 084 642 ("Armstrong

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pending before the Honorable David Horowitz, Department 30 of Los Angeles County Superior Court. Armstrong IV is pending before this Court.

Gerald Armstrong was originally sued by the Church of Scientology in Church of Scientology of California v. Gerald Armstrong, Los Angeles Superior Court, Case No. No. C 420 153, for conversion of documents. Armstrong prevailed and the trial court's decision 2/ was affirmed on appeal. (Church of Scientology of California v. Armstrong (1991) 232 Cal.App.3d 1060, 283 Cal.Rptr. 917.)

In 1986, Armstrong's cross-complaint against Scientology was set for trial early in 1987. At that time, Scientology compromised Armstrong's then-attorney, Michael Flynn, who also represented many other former Scientologists who were suing the organization which had violated their civil rights. The result of said compromise was that Armstrong, and approximately 20 others,

III");

Church of Scientology International v. Gerald Armstrong; The Gerald Armstrong Corporation; DOES 1 to 100, inclusive, Marin County Superior Court, Case No. 157 680. ("Armstrong IV.")

In a blistering opinion, the Honorable Paul G. Breckenridge, Jr. held, inter alia, that

[&]quot;In addition to violating and abusing its own members civil rights, the organization over the years with its "Fair Game" doctrine has harassed and abused those persons not in the Church whom it perceives as enemies. The organization is clearly schizophrenic and paranoid, and this bizarre combination seems to be a reflection of its founder LRH [L. Ron Hubbard]. The evidence portrays a man who has been virtually a pathological liar when it comes to his history, background, and achievements. The writings and documents in evidence additionally reflect his egoism, greed, avarice, lust for power, and vindictiveness and aggressiveness against persons perceived by him to be disloyal or hostile."

⁽Greene Decl. Exhibit A at pp. 8:24-9:4, incorporated herein by reference.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 D, Complaint in Armstrong III)

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(Greene Decl., Ex. B, Declaration signed a settlement contract. of Gerald Armstrong filed on SCRT.14 1993 in Armstrong III.) Said settlement contract is attached as Exhibit A to, and provides the basis for, each of the complaints in the actions proposed for coordination. (Greene Decl. Ex C, Complaint in Armstrong II; Ex.

Paragraph 4B required Armstrong not to oppose any appeal Scientology took of Judge Breckenridge's decision. Paragraph 7G of the contract prohibits Armstrong from voluntarily assisting or cooperating with any person adverse to Scientology in any proceeding against Scientology, or cooperating with organization aligned against Scientology. — Paragraph 7H prohibits Armstrong from voluntarily participating in any litigation adverse to Scientology unless pursuant to subpena and to avoid service of any such subpena. Paragraph 10 prohibits Armstrong from assisting or advising anyone contemplating any claim or engaged in litigation against Scientology or contemplating any activity adverse to the interests of Scientology. Paragraph 18 requires Armstrong to keep the terms of the agreement secret.

The only case in which Armstrong has answered is Armstrong (Greene Decl. Ex. E, First Amended Answer in Armstrong II.) Over Scientology's demurrer and motion to strike, Armstrong has asserted forty-three affirmative defenses. His defenses to the settlement contract will be the same in all three pending cases. What almost all of his affirmative defenses have in common is the contract provisions that Scientology wants the Court to enforce are intended to suppress evidence, obstruct justice, and violate First Amendment guarantees of free speech and right to redress.

Thus, said provisions violate public policy and are illegal and unenforceable.

On March 23, 1993, Judge Horowitz stayed all trial proceedings in <u>Armstrong II</u> pending a decision from the Second District Court of Appeal on the issue of the illegality of the contract provisions Scientology is seeking to enforce against Armstrong in each of the lawsuits proposed for coordination. ³/All briefing in the Court of Appeal having been completed, the parties await the scheduling of oral argument.

On July 8, 1993, in an apparent effort to circumvent Judge

In his Order granting Armstrong's motion for a stay, Judge Horowitz found that the "legality and validity of the Agreement" is the "central issue" in <u>Armstrong II</u>. Thus, he held as follows:

"D, Mot for stay of proceedings GRANTED. The action is stayed under CCP 916. Counsel are ordered to report any decision by the Court of Appeal to this Department, in writing, within one day of the issuance of the opinion so that this Court may lift the stay.

"... an appeal stays proceedings in the trial court upon the .. order appealed from or upon the matters embraced therein or affected thereby ..." CCP 916. As the Church has stated in its Summary Adjudication motions, "The facts are undisputed, however, that Armstrong has breached the Agreement repeatedly and deliberately. Because of these breaches, a preliminary injunction was issued by the Court on May 28, 1992." Obviously, the validity of the Agreement is the basis for the preliminary injunction. One of the basis for the appeal is an attack on the legality and validity of the agreement.

The central issue of this case is the legality and validity of the Agreement. The Court of Appeal could certainly reach that issue in its determination of the validity of the injunction. If it does, that ruling could be determinative of many of the issues of this case. It makes no sense to proceed with this matter until the Court of Appeal makes its ruling.

Any and all matters set in this department, including but not limited to the Motions set for 3/31/93, the Final Status Conference of 4/23/93 and the Trial of 5/3/93, are each advanced and vacated.

Defendant shall give notice."

(Minute Order 3/23/93, Exhibit F, incorporated herein by reference.)

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HUB LAW OFFICES Ford Greene, Esquire 711 Sir Francis Drake Blvd. San Anselmo, CA 94960 (415) 258-0360 Horowitz's stay order, Scientology filed <u>Armstrong III</u>.

Substantially identical to <u>Armstrong II</u>, it was ordered transferred Department 30 as a related case. (Greene Decl. ¶ 5.)

Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 425.16 4/
Armstrong has filed a special motion to strike which is set for hearing on October 6, 1993.

The instant motion is the first substantive action that Armstrong has taken in the instant case.

II. THIS COURT IS AUTHORIZED TO REFER THE PETITION TO THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL

California Rule of Court 1520 (b) states that a party may request permission from the presiding judge of one of the court's in which one of the included actions is pending to submit a petition for coordination to the Chairperson of the Judicial Council.

In the case at bar, a draft copy of the proposed petition is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Simply put, all three cases are predicated on the identified provisions of the settlement contract being legal and enforceable. Armstrong says they are not and has litigated the question in the context of Scientology's motion for a preliminary injunction in the trial

Recognizing the potential chilling effect of lawsuits brought primarily for the purpose of curbing the valid exercise of the constitutional rights of petition or freedom of speech, The purpose of the legislation is set forth in its first subsection: "The Legislature finds that there has been a disturbing increase in lawsuits brought primarily to chill the valid exercise of the constitutional rights of freedom of speech and petition for redress of grievances. The Legislature also finds and declares that it is in the public interest to encourage continued participation in matters of public significance, and that this participation should not be chilled through abuse of the judicial process." (Code of Civil Procedure § 425.16(a).)

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HUB LAW OFFICES Ford Greene, Esquire 711 Sir Francis Drake Blvd. San Anselmo, CA 94960 (415) 258-0360 court and now in the Second District Court of Appeal. Judge Horowitz in Department 30 of the Los Angeles Superior Court believes that there is a sufficient likelihood of a dispositive ruling coming from the Second District Court of Appeal that he has stayed all trial proceedings before him in Armstrong II. The Honorable Diane Wayne, in Department 86 of the same Court, has declined to hold hearings on Scientology's two efforts to have Armstrong held in contempt for allegedly violating a preliminary injunction based on the contract.

Under these circumstances, where all the litigation has been, and is, in the Los Angeles Superior Court, and where the claims and defenses are the same, to refer Armstrong's petition to the Judicial Council for the purpose coordinating this case with would "promote judicial efficiency and economy by providing for the unified management of both the pretrial and trial phases of the coordinated cases." (Citicorp N.A., Inc. v. Superior Court (1989) 213 Cal.App.3d 563, 566, n.3.)

III. CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing points and authorities, defendants respectfully submit that the motion to commence coordination proceedings should be granted and the matter referred to the Chairperson of the Judicial Council.

DATED: October 3, 1993

HUB LAW OFFICES

By: FORD GREENE

Attorney for Defendant and Petitioners GERALD ARMSTRONG and THE GERALD ARMSTRONG

CORPORATION